

KENTUCKY GAZETTE

M O N D A Y, A P R I L 12, 1790.

LEXINGTON: Printed by JOHN BRADFORD at his Office at the corner of Main and Cross Streets where Subscriptions, advertisements &c. for this paper, are thankfully received, and PRINTING in its different branches done with Care and Expedition

JUST OPENED,
AND TO BE SOLD BY

ANDREW HOLMES & Co.

A large and general assortment of
MERCHANDISE
suitable to the present and approaching
Season, which will be sold on the lowest
terms for CASH or COUNTRY PRO-
DUCE.

Lexington, Jan. 12, 1790

THE subscriber will rent, between
30 and 40 acres of cleared land, 3
miles below Lexington, under good fence,
and will be in good order to raise a crop
of corn the ensuing season.

Thomas Lewis.

March 6th 1790.

WANTED

A quantity of Tobacco, Hemp,
Hempseed Flour, Wheat, Bacon,
Corn, Bear-skins & Furs of all kinds,
for which Goods will be given at Cash
price by

PETER JANUARY & SON
March 18, 1790.

ALSO FOR SALE,
TWO IN LOTS,
ON MAIN STREET,
IN THE TOWN OF LEXINGTON.

CHARLES WHITE,
COPPER SMITH,
Late of NEW YORK.

RESPECTFULLY informs the
Public that he intends carrying
on the Copper Smith's business at this
place, in all its various branches, (to
wit) Stills, Pipes and Die Kettles &c.
Also, casts all kind of brass work for
mills, makes and repairs all kind of
brass and tin work, likewise repairs
all kinds of locks and keys. He buys
all kinds of old copper, brass, pewter
and lead. — Those who please to favor
him with their custom shall have their
work done in the best manner and on
the shortest notice.

Lexington, Dec. 8, 1789.

H E M P

Wanted a quantity of hemp
in a short time for which
twenty-five shillings per hun-
dred will be given if delivered
at Frankfort, or twenty-three
shillings in Lexington, payment
will be made in merchandise at
the lowest Cash price.

ROBERT BARR.

Lexington March 4 1790.

Those indebted to the Printer
hereof, are requested to pay up
their respective balances and I do
hereby assure all those who have
failed to pay for the first volume,
that I will take such steps short-
ly (if this fails) as will render
it unnecessary to request them by
advertisement any more.

Mr. Tins is hereby authorized to
receive any money due the Office,
and receipt for the same.

TIPPOO SAIB

STands the ensuing season
at my plantation near the
mouth of Hickman in Fayette
County, and will cover mares
at forty shillings the season, pay-
able in merchantable produce
if delivered at the mouth of
Hickman on or before the 1st
day of December next; or thirty
shillings cash if paid with-
in the season, and fifteen shil-
lings cash in hand the single
leap—good pasturage gratis
for mares sent a distance, and
particular attention paid them,
but will not be answerable for
thefts, escapes or accidents.

David Walker.

FOUR DOLLARS REWARD

STrayed from the subscribers
in Hopewell Town Bour-
bon County, about the first of
March last, two horses; one a
brown, seven years old, fifteen
hands high, branded on the
near buttock H a small blaze
in his face a natural trotter.
—The other a bay, eight or
nine years old, short main and
tail, shod before, branded on
the near shoulder and buttock
P1 about fourteen hands high
—whoever will deliver said
horses to the subscribers shall
receive the above reward or
in proportion for either.

SMITH & COLL.

in pursuance of an act of assem-
bly, the commissioners of the
town of Louisville will sell,
for ready money, on the
fourth of May next, (being
Jefferson court day) at the
house of John Harrison, in
said town,

THAT valuable square
of ground in Louisville,
number six, lying between the
half acre lots and Water-freet,
late occupied by John Sinclair,
and recovered from him by suit
at law, in the supreme court of
the district — Also, on the
same terms, sundry other lots
in the aforesaid town, their
situation and numbers will be
made known at the time of sale.

By order of the board,
JOHN CLARK, Chairman.

TO BE SOLD

To the highest bidder, on Monday the
10th day of May next, for ready Cash
A LOT of ground in the town of
Lexington, containing 4 poles on
Main Street and 13 poles back, being
part of the town commons, directed by
an act of the Assembly of Virginia, for
the purpose of erecting thereon, a
house of Divine public Worship. — No
person need expect to become a pur-
chaser without being legally authorized
by the denomination to which he be-
long. — Further particulars will be
made known at the time and place of
sale.

By Order of the Trustees,
April 5 1790. Robert Patton Clerk.

THE subscribers take the li-
berty of informing the pub-
lic, that they have opened, and
established a butchers shop,
where Andrew Steiger Jun.
Butcher from Baltimore Town,
will kill and dress all kind of
meat, of superior quality, and
in the neatest fashion; any gen-
tlemen and ladies who will ho-
nor them with their custom may
rely on their assiduity to serve
them.

JOHN SMITH,
AND STEIGER.

N. B. They buy all kind of
fat cattle, steers, calves, sheep,
lambs and hogs, for which will
be given, cash or store goods at
cash price.

J S.
A S.

PEYTON SHORT & CO

Have for sale at their store in
Lexington, a considerable as-
ortment of

DRY goods, hard ware and
groceries, which they will
sell on reasonable terms for cash,
tobacco, corn, wheat, rye, pork,
beef, bacon, hemp, flour, furs
of every kind, tar, pitch and
turpentine. &c. &c. &c.

They flatter themselves they
have given general satisfaction
to those who have already fa-
voured them with their custom,
for it has been their wish and
shall be their study, although
they receive every species of
country produce, to sell on as
moderate advance upon the
Philadelphia cost, as any Mer-
chant in the district.

March 6, 1790

Excellent Wine Vinegar for
sale by
P. S. & Co.

NOTICE

IS hereby given, that I intend
to petition the next Assembly
to confirm a title to me in the
lands that were escheated from
Robert M'Kenzie, in the district
of Kentucky, for the use of a
public school.

W. M'KENZIE.

THE ARABIAN GRAY

WILL cover mares at the
subscribers plantation,
this season, at one guinea pay-
able in salt, corn, wheat, rye,
or country linnen at the market
price, if delivered by the first
day of August next, if not, in
cash; It is needless to lay one
word in commendation of the
above horse.

John Crutenden.

April 3, 1790.

CORNELIUS BEATTY & CO

Have opened a new Store in Lex-
ington, where they have a very ge-
neral assortment of
DRY goods and groceries sui-
table to the season which
they will sell on the lowest
terms for cash, bees-wax bear-
skin, deer skins or furs.

SALES BY AUCTION,
For the benefit of the concerned.

ON Tuesday the 13th inst.
will be sold by public
vendue a quantity of damaged
rich linen, also a quantity of
coarse linen for negroes wear
&c. The sale to commence
precisely at 10 o'clock at the
house of Stephen Collins.
Lexington, April 1, 1790

I HAVE a considerable quantity of
valuable Iron-monney, buckles
and buttons, round glass and Queens
ware, Men's and Women's shoes, hats
Norwich camlets and callimancoes,
India chinizes, Mellins, fliks and cal-
licoos, together with a compleat as-
ortment of British mounted Carpen-
ters and Joiners tools, which, with
a variety of other articles, I will ex-
change at the lowest cash price for
young healthy Negroes, two or three
yoke of oxen, and a quantity of whit-
key.

CHARLES VANCOUVER.
Lexington March 12, 1790.

F E R G U S O N S G R A Y

Rising four years old, stands
at the subscribers on Hick-
man, about seven miles from
Lexington, and will be let to
mares at twenty shillings the
season in cash or the following
articles at cash price, to be deliv-
ered at the subscriber's house
by the twenty-fifth of Decem-
ber next, viz: corn, wheat, rye,
cattle, sheep, pork, beef, salt,
hemp and linen,

Gray was got by the noted
horse Symes Wild Air, his dam
by Col. Skepwiths horse Comus
out of a well bred mare. —
I have pasturage for about
twenty mares, if any should
chuse to send who live at a
distance, but will not be answer-
able for accidents or escapes.

BRYANT FERGUSON.

April 7, 1790.

TAKEN up by the subscriber in
Fayette County a sorrel horse's colt,
one year old last spring, a star in his
forehead, the near hind foot white,
neither docked nor branded. Appraised
to £ 5.

JAMES BENTLEY.

January 12, 1790

LEXINGTON, April 12.
On Thursday inst. as three men were
coming up from the mouth of Lick-
ing to Elkhorn they were fired on by
the Indians, about 12 miles from
the inhabitants, and one only escaped,
the other two supposed to be killed,
as he that escaped discovered they
were both wounded.

House of Representatives.
[The President's speech continued.]

Gentlemen of the Senate, and
House of Representatives.

I HAVE directed the proper officers to lay before you respectively such papers and estimates as regard the affairs particularly recommended to your consideration, and necessary to convey to you that information of the state of the union, which it is my duty to afford.

The welfare of our country is the great object to which our cares and efforts ought to be directed. And I shall derive great satisfaction from a co-operation with you, in the pleasing though arduous task of ensuring to your fellow citizens the blessings, which they have a right to expect, from a free, efficient & equal government.

G WASHINGTON.

United States, January 8, 1790.

The President then retired, and the house returned to their own room: When the President's speech being read by the clerk, it was voted that the house would tomorrow take the same into consideration in a committee of the whole on the state of the union. On motion, it was voted to proceed to ballot for a chairman, when the vote being collected, it appeared, that the rev. Dr. Lynn was re-elected.

Adjourned till to-morrow, 11 o'clock.
A. M.

House of Representatives of the United States.

January 9.

Mr. Clymer, from Pennsylvania, appeared and took his seat.

A letter from the Secretary of the Treasury, addressed to the Speaker, was read informing the House that he had prepared a plan, pursuant to the resolution of the 21st of September last, relative to provision for support of the public credit, which he was ready to report at such time, and in such manner, as the house might be pleased to order.

A debate now ensued with regard to the manner and time of communicating the report. With regard to the manner, some members insisted strongly on the propriety of the secretary's delivering it in person and of explaining it to the house; because it was not to be expected, that the members could thoroughly comprehend a plan of such an extensive and intricate nature, without previous explanation; others contended, that it should wait explanation, it ought to be given in writing to the house; with regard to the time, some were for receiving the report immediately or on Monday next, this was opposed. It was said the house was too thin at present to bring a matter of such vast importance before it—but that by Thursday next, the house would in all probability have an accession of many members.

After a variety of opinions had been given on these two matters, the house at last came to the following resolution:

That on Thursday next, this house will receive in writing the report of the Secretary of the department of the treasury, agreeably to the order of this house of the 21st day of September last.

The house then resolved itself into a committee of the whole on the President's speech, Mr. Baldwin in the chair, and came to the following resolution:

Resolved, at the opinion of this committee, that an address be presented by the house to the President of the United States, in answer to his speech to both houses with assurances, that this house will without delay, proceed to transact their several considerations, the various and important matters recommended to their attention.

This being agreed to.

Mr. Smith (S. C.) Mr. Clymer, and Mr. Lawrence, were appointed a committee to prepare said address.

A petition of Christopher Sadler, of Nova Scotia, was read, praying relief against a seizure of his vessel and cargo, which was made at the port of Boston, for a violation of the laws of the United States, of which, at the time he spoke he was totally ignorant.

The house then adjourned till Monday 11 o'clock.

The President of the United States, when he addressed the two houses of Congress yesterday, was dressed in a crown coloured suit of clothes, of American manufacture; the cloth appeared to be of the finest texture; the colour of that beautiful changeable hue, remarkable in shades not quite black. This elegant fabric was from the manufactory in Hartford.

JANUARY 12.

The House resolved itself into a committee of the whole on the address in answer to the speech of the President of the United States; and having gone through the same, by paragraphs, the committee rose, and the Chairman Mr. Baldwin, reported, that the committee had according to order, had the said address under consideration, and made no amendment thereto.

The House then unanimously agreed to the said address; Mr. Smith (S. C.) Mr. Clymer, and Mr. Lawrence were appointed a committee to wait on the President, to know what time and place it would be convenient for him to receive the same.

A message in writing was received from the President of the United States, by the Secretary at war, communicating to the House in a confidential manner sundry papers, respecting the tribes of Indians on the south western frontiers.

A motion was then made to have the galleries cleared, which was done accordingly.

Mr. Boudinot from the committee to whom it was referred to examine the Journal of the last session, and to report therefrom all such matters of business as were then depending and undetermined, have according to order, examined the Journal, and agreed to the following report.—[This was presented to the House on Monday last.]

It appears to your committee that the several petitions of David Rawls, John Courcham, Alexander Lewis, Arthur Green, Federalist Mose, John Fitch, Englishman Cruise, Nicholas Pike, Samuel Briggs, John Christopher Stoebe, Leonard Harbough, Hannah Adams, Christopher Colar, David Greenleaf, John Mac Pherson, Abraham Westervelt, James Ramsey, and William Hoy, respectfully praying for exclusive privilege as authors or inventors of some useful work or discovery, were ordered to lie on the table, and so remained during the Session.

It further appears to your committee that the several petitions of Maria Walker, Duncan Campbell, Trilham Cassin, William Finnie, Englishman Kemmann, Thomas Gordon, Prédess la Gessie, Baron Steuben, and Richard Ham respectively, praying to be compensated for military services, or for injuries, or losses sustained during the late war, were referred to the Secretary of the treasury, to examine and report upon the present session.

It further appears to your committee, that the several petitions of John McGarrab, Dudley Tyler Patrick Bannet, John Hunt, James Gibbons, Archibald M. Miller, Alexander Power, Attorney for Colonel Flavers's regiment Henry Malcolm and Charles McKie respectively praying to be compensated for military services rendered during the late war, were referred to the Secretary at war to examine and report upon to the present session.

It further appears to your committee that the several petitions of Andrew Newell, and Seth Clarke, Sarah Parker, Bartlett Hinds, Robert Frazier, David Sturgis, Richard Phillips, James M. Leon, James Reid, Thomas Barclay, respectively praying, that the certain claims which they exhibit against the United States, may be considered and allowed, were ordered to lie on the table, and so remained during the session.

To be continued.

LONDON, November 9-12.

IN Dauphine, the regiment of Monsieur (the King's brother) and that of Burgundy, have had an engagement. The regiment of Monsieur refused to wear the National Cockade, which that of Burgundy put in with enthusiasm. A combat ensued, when the regiment of Burgundy fired on Monsieur's, and in the first discharge killed him, in the second 13, on which the regiment of Monsieur immediately fled and dispersed.

PHILADELPHIA, January 29.

Extract of a letter from a House of respectability in Bourdeaux, dated Nov. 17, 1789, to a gentleman in this city.

"Matters are now perfectly quiet and peaceable at Paris, and the National Assembly daily adopting measures to render this one of the most respectable and flourishing countries in Europe.—There is not the shadow of danger of a national bankruptcy, and private property is as secure as in any part of the world."

Extract of a letter from Bourdeaux, Nov. 19.

"No doubt you have heard before this of the commotions of some parts of this kingdom, but this province has been exempted from the like, and we have every prospect of peace continuing here. We think it necessary to inform you of this circumstance, lest you should apprehend your property not being safe here."

FROM THE AMERICAN EAGLE.
Published at Salem by Mr. Thomas Cuthing.

BY late intelligence from India we learn, that the French have ceded Pondichery, on the coast of Coromandel, to Tipoo Saib.—relieving the right for a limited time of keeping a small number of troops in the citadel, for the protection of such things as may touch there before this session is generally known. Transports were gone to bring General Conway, (the French Generalissimo in India) and the troops to the Isle of France.

Tipoo had destroyed the strong fort of Mangalore, on the Malabar coast. The English possessed themselves of this commanding situation the last war; but Tipoo, determined that they should never more take advantage of it, detached a large body of troops to destroy it, and attended himself in person to see that it was effectually done. It was blown up and overturned to its very foundations, exhibiting a scene of ruin like the effects of a violent convulsion of nature.

The policy of this warlike and ferocious Prince appears to be, to gain India entirely to himself, and to destroy all intercourse between its inhabitants and Europeans. For this purpose, he has ordered every pepper shrub to be rooted up in his dominion, and every object of commerce to be destroyed.

Tipoo's numerous troops are under the most excellent discipline. The English by fighting them and the French by aiding them, have taught them the European art of war. A great number of General Matthews's army, who were captured last war, and other Europeans, are now in his pay.

L E X I N G T O N , April 12.
Mr. Bradford.

YOU will please to insert the following Fragment; It was found on Tuesday last in an evacuated boat, and by accident fell into my hands.—The beginning and conclusion of the letter was so much defaced, that I could not read it; however, him, to whom it is addressed, through the channel of your paper, may be apprized of the unhappy situation of his friend. Where I have made a line thus.

Your humble Servt.
JOHN BORD.

Limestone, April 8.

to be thus cruelly treated—has detained from the arms of my dear Fanny, is too much for my slender philosophy to support.

The Indians are now picking up a part of their plunder, in order I suppose, to send to their towns, or their camp up the Scioto.—Around the fasten to which I am chained (they use iron chains which I had on board, & ingeniously, and effectually confine me with the help of two padlocks, without binding my hands) a part of my merchandise is scattered, and a small bundle of pencils pointing themselves to my view gave me the hint of writing to you—I have determined to conceal it, and when the Indians return, I think they will do, when they find nothing, I intend to throw it on board one of the boats

and cut her adrift; some person may find it who will forward it to you. In the hope and expectation that you will receive it, and that an expedition will be carried forward against these daring pirates, I shall offer my advice, which from my knowledge of their situation and force, I flatter myself I may do, without the imputation of vanity or impertinence.

formidable
that they have a train of spies on each bank of the river, which extend as far down as Limestone; so that it is impossible to steal a march on them, by following the meanders of the Ohio

* * * from the North-East, they apprehend no danger

* * * near Washington—proceed up parallel with the river, but at the distance of 10 or 15 miles from it, cross a few leagues above the mouth of Scioto, then form in two divisions, one to file off to the right and conceal themselves on the river which leads to their station camp, the other to follow the course of the river, and make the charge

* * * They might be penned on the point made by the junction of the Scioto and Ohio, and your countrymen might promise themselves a valuable prize and a glorious victory

TO BE SOLD

THE subscriber's concerns at the mouth of Hickman on the South side of the Kentucky river, consisting of a half acre lot, with a large good log warehouse well calculated for salt, provisions, and for storage of any kind, a well finished store, completely fit to receive dry goods, being lined all round with good plank grooved and tongued and well floored and looted, a commodious dwelling cabin sixteen feet square well floored and looted, and a very good smoke house. Also a lot in Louisville the best stand and situation for business in the whole town, with the following improvements: A two story log house thirty by sixteen feet well roofed, and with an excellent ground cellar under the whole house, and another house one and an half story high, twenty-four by sixteen with a complete store for goods at one end and a counting room or bed-chamber at the other, extremely well finished, being cycled all round with good plank well grooved and tongued; it has a complete loft, and an excellent stone chimney.—Also a lot in the town of Danville, with an extremely well finished two story log house a fine ground cellar and a good stone chimney with two fire places, one above and the other below stairs, it is well calculated for the reception of goods, having a complete store room at one end, and for the reception of a family, being all over well finished and furnished with good locks and keys and having two good bed-chambers up stairs, and a spacious good room below with a fire place. For terms for the latter, apply to the subscriber at the mouth of Hickman or to Mr. Andrew Bayard in Danville, and for the two former to the subscriber, or to Maj. Croghan for the lot in Louisville cash or tobacco will be received in payment.

Andrew Hart